BEGIN — APRIL 26, 1960

30.24-10563

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SECOND LEAD DE GAULLE

WASHINGTON, APRIL 26 (AP)-FRENCH PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE CLOSED OUT HIS WASHINGTON VISIT TODAY WITH A PLEDGE FROM PRESIDENT EISENHOWER THAT "WE'LL STAND TOGETHER" IN DEALING WITH THE RUSSIANS.

THE FRENCH CHIEF GOT THAT WORD FROM EISENHOWER AT THE END OF A BRIEF FAREWELL CALL AT THE WHITE HOUSE JUST BEFORE HIS DEPARTURE FOR NEW YORK.

IN RETURN HE TOLD THE U. S. CHIEF EXECUTIVE:

"I HAVE EVEN GREATER CAUSE FOR CONFIDENCE IN OUR CAUSE NOW SINCE I HAVE SEEN YOU."

BOTH THE ALLIED LEADERS APPLIED THEIR STATEMENTS TO THE SUMMIT MEETING IN PARIS IN MAY AT WHICH THEY AND BRITISH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN WILL DEAL WITH SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV ON GREAT ISSUES OF WORLD PEACE.

AN HOUR LATER AT 8:56 A.M. EST DE GAULLE TOOK OFF IN A U. S. AIR FORCE CONSTELLATION. THE NEW YORK VISIT IS THE FIRST STOP ON A CROSS-COUNTRY TOUR.

THE TALL FRENCH LEADER WAS ACCOMPANIED BY HIS WIFE ON THE BRIEF WHITE HOUSE VISIT.

DURING THE VISIT EISENHOWER INFORMED DE GAULLE THAT THIS COUNTRY'S NEXT NUCLEAR-POWERED POLARIS SUBMARINE WILL BE CHRISTENED THE U. S. S. LAFAYETTE, HONORING THE FRENCH GENERAL WHO AIDED THE AMERICAN COLONISTS DURING THE REVOLUTIONARY WAR.

EISENHOWER ALSO GAVE DE GAULLE A 30-INCH SCALE MODEL OF ONE OF THE LATEST POLARIS SUBMARINES.

THE MODEL HAS A CUTAWAY CROSS SECTION, SHOWING THE TUBES IN WHICH POLARIS MISSILES ARE STORED, AS WELL AS OTHER INTERIOR FEATURES OF THE UNDERSEA BOAT.

THE FRENCH AND U. S. CHIEFS WERE IN AGREEMENT ON A PLAN TO CHALLENGE SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV TO DEMONSTRATE BY ACTION THAT HE WANTS A RELAXATION OF TENSION.

THAT ACTION, AT THE START OF NEXT MONTH'S SUMMIT CONFERENCE IN PARIS, WAS AGREED ON BY THE TWO PRESIDENTS IN FOUR DAYS OF TALKS WHICH END TODAY WITH DE GAULLE'S DEPARTURE FOR NEW YORK.

THE TWO WESTERN LEADERS AGREED TO MAKE CLEAR TO KHRUSHCHEV THAT IF HE PRESSES HIS BERLIN DEMANDS TOO FAR HE WILL KILL ALL CHANCE OF GETTING A "DETENTE"--THAT IS, AN IMPROVEMENT IN EAST-WEST RELATIONS IN OTHER FIELDS.

THEIR HOPE IS THAT THE SOVIET PREMIER WILL AGREE TO SOFT-PEDAL THE BERLIN DISPUTE--IN SPITE OF HIS PERSISTENT TOUGH TALK ABOUT IT--AND CONCENTRATE INSTEAD ON THE SUMMIT SEARCH FOR COMMON GROUND IN DISARMAMENT. THEY WOULD LIKE TO WORK OUT ONE OR MORE FIRST STEPS TOWARD A DISARMAMENT PROGRAM.

DIPLOMATS REPORTED THAT EISENHOWER AND DE GAULLE HAD REACHED A HIGH DEGREE OF AGREEMENT IN THEIR PRE-SUMMIT STRATEGY DISCUSSIONS. THEY WERE REPRESENTED AS CONFIDENT OF FULL SUPPORT AND COOPERATION FROM BRITISH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN, WHO WILL JOIN THEM IN MEETING WITH KHRUSHCHEV AT THE PARIS CONFERENCE BEGINNING MAY 16.

DE GAULLE WAS DESCRIBED BY ASSOCIATES AS FULLY SATISFIED WITH HIS DISCUSSIONS WITH EISENHOWER.

A COMMUNIQUE ISSUED AT THE WHITE HOUSE LATE YESTERDAY GAVE NO DETAILS BUT SAID EISENHOWER AND DE GAULLE HAD BEEN ABLE "TO DEFINE MORE PRECISELY THE POSITION WHICH WILL BE TAKEN AT THE SUMMIT CONFERENCE ON THE QUESTIONS WHICH WILL BE RAISED THERE."

"THE MAIN PURPOSE OF THE CONFERENCE IN THE VIEW OF THE TWO PRESIDENTS," THE COMMUNIQUE SAID, "IS TO ACHIEVE AN EASING OF TENSION IN THE INTERNATIONAL SITUATION."

SPOKESMEN FOR THE TWO LIMITED THEIR REPORT OF FULL AGREEMENT BETWEEN EISENHOWER AND DE GAULLE TO THE SUMMIT PROBLEMS THEY DISCUSSED. THIS INDICATED THAT THEY HAD NOT RECONCILED DIFFERENCES THEY HAVE WITHIN THE WESTERN ALLIANCE. FOR EXAMPLE, DE GAULLE HAS DECLINED TO PERMIT U. S. NUCLEAR WARHEADS TO BE BASED ON FRENCH SOIL BUT INSISTS THAT FRANCE MUST HAVE ITS OWN ATOMIC WEAPONS.

THE TWO MEN APPARENTLY COMPROMISED THEIR COUNTRIES' DIFFERING VIEWS ON TWO ISSUES BEARING ON THE SUMMIT.

EISENHOWER REPORTEDLY AGREED TO GO ALONG WITH A DE GAULLE PROPOSAL FOR COOPERATION BETWEEN THE WESTERN POWERS AND THE SOVIET UNION IN AIDING UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRIES PROVIDED THAT IT IS VERY LIMITED IN NATURE --A KIND OF TEST OPERATION ON A SMALL SCALE.

DE GAULLE APPARENTLY SHELVED, AT LEAST FOR THE TIME BEING, HIS IDEA OF PROPOSING THAT KHRUSHCHEV JOIN WESTERN LEADERS IN CONTROLLING ARMS SHIPMENTS TO ASIA AND AFRICA. EISENHOWER HAS BEEN COLD TO THIS IDEA AS IMPRACTICAL FOR THE UNITED STATES.

ON MAJOR SUMMIT STRATEGY INFORMANTS SAID THE TWO MEN AGREED FULLY THAT DISARMAMENT SHOULD HAVE TOP PRIORITY. KHRUSHCHEV HAS SPOKEN IN A SIMILAR VEIN AND THE SIGNS THEREFORE ARE THAT EFFORTS TO BREAK THE LONG DISARMAMENT DEADLOCK WILL DOMINATE THE INITIAL MEETINGS OF THE BIG FOUR.

CR344AES

A13
AMS BUDGET (500)
NIGHT LEAD DE GAULLE
BY ARTHUR EVERETT

NEW YORK, APRIL 26 (AP)-FRENCH PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE MADE ANOTHER OF HIS GREAT TRIUMPHAL RETURNS TODAY, THIS TIME TO NEW YORK CITY. AT ONE POINT HE STRODE AWAY FROM HIS SECURITY GUARD TO EMBRACE WELL WISHERS IN TIMES SQUARE.

POLICE ESTIMATED A MILLION PERSONS LINED LOWER BROADWAY TO ROAR A GREETING TO THE AUSTERE OLD WARRIOR. DE GAULLE IS ONE OF THE FEW MEN EVER TO RECEIVE A SECOND TICKER TAPE PARADE UP THE HISTORIC MANHATTAN CANYON OF HEROES.

"VIVE DE GAULLE!" ROSE FROM TENS OF THOUSANDS OF THROATS AS THE TOWERING FIGURE OF THE FRENCH LEADER WAS BORNE ALONG THE ROUTE IN PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S BUBBLE-TOPPED LIMOUSINE, BROUGHT FROM WASHINGTON FOR THE OCCASION.

"HEY, CHARLIE," CRIED OTHER ONLOOKERS, LESS FORMALLY.

PROBABLY NOT SINCE CHARLES ANDRE MARIE JOSEPH DE GAULLE RETURNED TO NEWLY LIBERATED PARIS IN 1944 TO TAKE OVER AS PROVISIONAL POSTWAR LEADER OF FRANCE HAS HE RECEIVED SUCH A UNIVERSALLY WARM WELCOME. POLICE ON DUTY COULD NOT RECALL SUCH ENTHUSIASM IN RECENT YEARS.

AS DE GAULLE MOVED ABOUT MANHATTAN, PICKETS APPEARED AT VARIOUS OF HIS STOPS, SOME DRESSED IN ARAB GARB, CRYING "FREEDOM FOR ALGERIA," AND WAVING PLACARDS. BUT POLICE KEPT THEM A BLOCK AWAY FROM DE GAULLE'S ENTOURAGE SO THE PLACARDS PRESUMABLY ESCAPED HIS EYES AND THE SLOGANS HIS EARS.

AFTER THE PARADE, WHEN DE GAULLE'S CARAVAN ARRIVED AT THE HOTEL ASTOR, HE BOLTED HIS POLICE ESCORT, IGNORED A RED CARPET AT THE 44TH STREET ENTRANCE, AND MARCHED IN ALL HIS 6-FOOT-4 DIGNITY ACROSS THE STREET TO SHAKE HANDS WITH SOME OF THE 2,000 SPECTATORS MASSED BEHIND POLICE BARRICADES.

"GOOD LUCK TO ALL OF YOU," HE SAID IN ENGLISH, AS HE EMBRACED SOME OF THEM WITH A WIDE SWEEP OF HIS ARMS. "LOTS OF LUCK TO ALL AMERICANS."

THE DISMAYED POLICE ESCORT, AUGMENTED BY POLICE COMMISSIONER STEPHEN P. KENNEDY WHO LEAPED FROM HIS OWN LIMOUSINE, RINGED DE GAULLE AND VIRTUALLY SHOVED HIM BACK TO THE HOTEL.

DE GAULLE LAST CAME HERE IN 1945 AS PREMIER OF HIS NATION'S FIRST PROVISIONAL POSTWAR GOVERNMENT. THIS TIME HE RETURNED AT THE AGE OF 69, A LITTLE GRAYER, A LITTLE PAUNCHIER, AS FIRST PRESIDENT OF THE FIFTH FRENCH REPUBLIC.

HIS VISIT WAS TO BE BRIEF AND PURELY SOCIAL. RECEPTIONS OCCUPIED HIS AFTERNOON AND WERE CLIMAXED WITH A WALDORF-ASTORIA DINNER, SPONSORED BY FRANCO-AMERICANO GROUPS. TOMORROW HE LEAVES FOR SAN FRANCISCO AND LATER NEW ORLEANS.

AT THE DINNER, DE GAULLE SAID THAT IN FRANCE IN RECENT YEARS, "MEDIOCRITY HAS LAPSED INTO THE BACKGROUND." HE CONTINUED:

"A NEW FRANCE -- WHICH IS THE TRUE FRANCE OF ALWAYS -- HAS MADE HER APPEARANCE ON THE WORLD SCENE. SHE HAS AGAIN MADE ORDER IN HER OWN HOME AND SHE HAS RESUMED THE PERFORMANCE OF HER TRADITIONAL INTERNATIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES."

DE GAULLE CLOSED OUT FOUR DAYS OF WASHINGTON PRESUMMIT TALKS WITH AN EARLY MORNING FAREWELL TO PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

"WE'LL STAND TOGETHER," EISENHOWER ASSURED HIS OLD WORLD WAR II COMRADE IN ARMS BY WAY OF PARTING.

"I HAVE EVEN GREATER CAUSE FOR CONFIDENCE IN OUR CAUSE NOW SINCE I HAVE SEEN YOU," RESPONDED THE MAN WHO LED THE FRENCH RESISTANCE MOVEMENT AGAINST THE NAZI OCCUPIERS OF HIS COUNTRY.

AN HOUR LATER, AT 8:56 A.M. EST, DE GAULLE TOOK OFF IN A FOUR-ENGINE AIR FORCE PLANE WHICH LANDED HIM AT LAGUARDIA FIELD AT 10:35 A.M.

IN A RARE AIRPORT WELCOME, MAYOR ROBERT F. WAGNER TOLD DEGAULLE AS HE DESCENDED THE PLANE'S RAMP:

"NEW YORK CITY IS VERY, VERY PROUD TODAY TO WELCOME ONE OF THE GREAT MEN OF OUR TIME TO OUR CITY."

DE GAULLE RESPONDED LOUDLY IN FRENCH:

"I'M ENCHANTED TO BE BACK IN NEW YORK. THIS IS AN OCEAN OF IDEAS, OF SENTIMENTS, OF ACTIVITIES, AND I'M GOING TO DIVE INTO IT."

HIS LIMOUSINE JOINED A 40-CAR MOTORCADE TO MANHATTAN, FLYING THE CROSS OF LORRAINE, THE BANNER UNDER WHICH DE GAULLE LED FRENCH LIBERATION FORCES. MOTORCYCLE POLICE IN SKY BLUE HELMETS LED THE WAY. TWO POLICE HELICOPTERS, WITH CUMBERSOME PRECISION, FLANKED DE GAULLE'S CAR ABOUT 100 FEET OVERHEAD.

THE PARADE UP BROADWAY BEGAN IN COOL, SUNNY 62-DEGREE WEATHER. ALONG THE ROUTE THE TRICOLOR OF FRANCE FLUTTERED BESIDE THE STARS AND STRIPES.

THE GENERAL, DRESSED IN GRAY, STOOD AND MOVED HIS RIGHT HAND IN A JERKY GESTURE OF RESPONSE AS TICKER TAPE RAINED FROM SKYSCRAPER WINDOWS AND MASSED CROWDS ON THE SIDEWALKS CHEERED. MAYOR WAGNER, RIDING A TICKER TAPE PARADE FOR THE FIRST TIME IN HIS SEVEN YEARS IN OFFICE, SAT AT DE GAULLE'S LEFT.

THE BELLS OF OLD TRINITY CHIMED OUT THE FRENCH NATIONAL ANTHEM, THE MARSEILLAISE, AS DE GAULLE PASSED THE CHURCHYARD AT WALL STREET AND BROADWAY. A BLIZZARD-LIKE MANTLE OF WHITE TICKER TAPE FESTOONED THE CHURCHYARD TREES.

AT CITY HALL, DE GAULLE WAS GREETED BY A RED CARPET, THE FIRST LAID DOWN THERE SINCE QUEEN ELIZABETH'S VISIT IN 1957. A 21-GUN SALUTE THUNDERED OUT, AND A 65-PIECE CITY BAND PLAYED.

THEN IT WAS ON TO AN ASTOR LUNCHEON WHERE DE GAULLE SUMMED UP THE RECEPTION ACCORDED HIM BY NEW YORK.

"MAGNIFIQUE!" PROCLAIMED THE OLD WARRIOR.

HB339PED

B29 (Q)

-17-

NIGHT LEAD DISARMAMENT (310)

BY GUSTAV SVENSSON

GENEVA, APRIL 26 (AP)-THE RUSSIANS COLD-SHOULDERED A WESTERN ATTEMPT TODAY TO BREAK THE DEADLOCK IN THE 10-NATION DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE BEFORE ADJOURNMENT FRIDAY.

THE WESTERN MOVE WAS DESIGNED TO MEET SOVIET INSISTENCE THAT THE CONFERENCE MUST AGREE ON THE BROAD PRINCIPLES OF GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT BEFORE ANY DETAILED DISCUSSION CAN BEGIN ON SPECIFIC DISARMAMENT MEASURES.

SOVIET REACTION TO THE TABULATION OF BASIC WESTERN DISARMAMANT CONDITIONS WAS ALMOST COMPLETELY NEGATIVE.

THE WESTERN PROPOSAL, INTRODUCED BY FRENCH DISARMAMENT EXPERT JULES MOCH AS A JOINT RESOLUTION BY THE FIVE WESTERN POWERS, SUMMARIZED THESE BASIC VIEWS:

1. DISARMAMENT MUST BE CARRIED OUT BY STAGES, BUT NO FIXED TIME TABLE CAN BE LAID DOWN IN ADVANCE FOR THE WHOLE COMPLEX OF DISARMAMENT MEASURES.

2. NUCLEAR AND CONVENTIONAL DISARMAMENT MEASURES MUST NOT UPSET THE EXISTING BALANCE OF POWER.

3. EACH DISARMAMENT MEASURE MUST BE EFFECTIVELY CONTROLLED BY AN INTERNATIONAL DISARMAMENT ORGANIZATION WITHIN THE FRAMEWORK OF THE UNITED NATIONS.

4. DISARMAMENT MEASURES MUST BE NEGOTIATED PROGRESSIVELY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROSPECTS FOR THEIR IMPLEMENTATION AND CONTROL.

BRITISH MINISTER OF STATE DAVID ORMSBY-GORE URGED THE SOVIET AND EAST EUROPEAN DELEGATIONS TO CONSIDER THE DOCUMENT VERY CAREFULLY.

"LET US NOT FORGET," HE SAID, "THAT THE STAGE IS NOW SET FOR THE SUMMIT MEETING IN PARIS AND THAT THE REACTION OF OUR EASTERN COLLEAGUES AND WHAT THEY SAY NOW MAY DIRECTLY AFFECT THE COURSE OF THE DISCUSSIONS BY THE LEADERS OF THE FOUR POWERS."

U. S. AMBASSADOR FREDRICK M. EATON SAID IF THE SOVIET BLOC "COMES BACK INSISTING THAT THERE BE INCLUDED A SERIES OF GENERAL SLOGANS..... DEVOID OF ANY PRACTICAL SIGNIFIANCE FOR REAL DISARMAMENT, THEN I FEAR IT WILL BE MERELY ANOTHER INDICATION THAT THE SOVIET UNION HAS NO INTENTION OF REACHING AGREEMENT ON ANY PRACTICAL MEASURES OF DISARMAMENT AT THIS STAGE."

SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER VALERIAN ZORIN CAME RIGHT BACK:

"YOUR DOCUMENT RAISES DOUBTS AS TO WHETHER THE WESTERN POWERS WANT ANY AGREEMENT."

HE SAID THE NEW PRINCIPLES WERE A MERE REPETITION OF THE WESTERN PROPOSALS REPEATEDLY REJECTED BY THE SOVIET BLOC.

KS438PED

A159

(300)

BY TOM OCHILTREE

LONDON, APRIL 26 (AP)-PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN SAID TODAY THE U.S. GOVERNMENT HAS OFFERED TO HELP BRITAIN MAINTAIN A COMPLETELY INDEPENDENT NUCLEAR DETERRENT.

HE TOLD THE HOUSE OF COMMONS THAT WASHINGTON IS WILLING TO SELL SKYBOLT MISSILES TO BRITAIN UNDER TERMS WHICH WOULD GIVE BRITISH FORCES OPERATIONS CONTROL OVER THESE WEAPONS.

THE PRIME MINISTER MADE THE STATEMENT 24 HOURS BEFORE THE OPENING OF A PARLIAMENTARY DEBATE ON BRITAIN'S NUCLEAR DETERRENT POLICIES.

IN THAT DEBATE MACMILLAN'S GOVERNMENT FACES ACCUSATIONS BY OPPOSITION LABORITES THAT IT WASTED ABOUT 280 MILLION DOLLARS ON THE 2,500-MILE-RANGE BLUE STREAK MISSILE, WHICH NOW HAS BEEN ABANDONED AS A CARRIER FOR NUCLEAR WARHEADS.

WITHOUT BLUE STREAK BRITAIN, DURING THE SECOND HALF OF THIS DECADE, WILL HAVE TO DEPEND ON THE UNITED STATES FOR INSTRUMENTS TO DELIVER BRITISH-MADE NUCLEAR WARHEADS.

30.24- 10565

THE DEFENSE MINISTRY HAS SHOWN AN INTEREST IN THE SKYBOLT, FIRED FROM BOMBERS FLYING CONSIDERABLE DISTANCES AWAY FROM TARGETS, AND IN THE POLARIS, DESIGNED TO BE FIRED FROM SUBMERGED SUBMARINES. BOTH SKYBOLT AND POLARIS ARE STILL UNDER DEVELOPMENT.

THE DEFENSE MINISTRY MAINTAINS THAT BRITAIN STILL WILL KEEP HER STATUS AS AN INDEPENDENT NUCLEAR POWER EVEN AFTER SHE COMES TO DEPEND ON AMERICAN DELIVERY SYSTEMS, AND THAT IT WOULD BE POINTLESSLY EXPENSIVE TO DUPLICATE WORK ALREADY DONE BY THE AMERICANS.

MACMILLAN MADE IT CLEAR THE SKYBOLTS WOULD NOT BE GOVERNED BY THE "TWO KEY" OR JOINT BRITISH-AMERICAN CONTROL SYSTEM WHICH PREVAILS NOW WITH THE FIXED SITE THOR MISSILES LOCATED ON BRITISH SOIL.

THE ONLY CONDITIONS THE UNITED STATES WOULD ATTACH, HE SAID, ARE "THE GENERAL ONES GOVERNING THE SALE OF ARMS."

FV151PED 1960

A93WX
(330) DEFENSE POLICY
BY STERLIN F. GREEN

WASHINGTON, APRIL 26 (AP)-CREATION OF A NATINAL PEACE AGENCY TO HELP MOBILIZE SCIENCE AND DIPLOMACY IN THE CAUSE OF DISARMAMENT WAS URGED TODAY BY THE VICE CHAIRMAN OF PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S SCIENCE ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

DR. JAMES B. FISK, PRESIDENT OF THE BELL TELEPHONE LABORATORIES, TOLD THE SENATE SUBCOMMITTEE ON NATIONAL POLICY MACHINERY THE GOVERNMENT SHOULD DEVOTE SOME FRACTION OF ITS ARMAMENT OUTLAYS TO THE QUEST FOR GLOBAL DISARMAMENT. 1960

"WE COULD VERY WELL AFFORD TO SPEND FOR THIS PURPOSE PERHAPS 1 PER CENT OF THE MONEY WE SPEND FOR DEFENSE," SAID FISK, WHOSE LABORATORIES HAVE HELD HUGE GOVERNMENT CONTRACTS IN DEVELOPING ADVANCED WEAPONS SYSTEMS.

HE ALSO TOLD THE SUBCOMMITTEE, EXPLORING MEANS OF IMPROVING THE GOVERNMENT'S DECISION MAKING MACHINERY, THAT IT IS ILLOGICAL TO REPOSE A MAJOR PORTION OF RESPONSIBILITY FOR DISARMAMENT PROBLEMS IN THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT AND THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION.

"IT'S A FAIRLY BASIC PRINCIPLE OF ORGANIZATION THAT YOU CAN HARDLY ASK THE MAN WHO IS SHARPENING HIS SWORD TO USE THE SAME STONE TO DULL IT," FISK SAID.

THE SCIENTIST-ADMINISTRATOR SAID HE STRONGLY ENDORSES IN PRINCIPLE THE CREATION OF AN INDEPENDENT FEDERAL AGENCY DEVOTED WHOLLY TO THE NATION'S EFFORTS TO ACHIEVE PEACE AND DISARMAMENT.

THE IDEA OF A SEPARATE PEACE AGENCY--PERHAPS UNDER STATE DEPARTMENT SUPERVISION--HAS BEEN URGED BY TWO OF THE DEMOCRATIC PRESIDENTIAL ASPIRANTS, SENS. HUBERT H. HUMPHREY (D-MINN) AND JOHN F. KENNEDY (MASS).

FISK SAID HE WAS UNPREPARED TO SAY WHETHER THE PROPOSED AGENCY SHOULD BE SITUATED IN THE STATE DEPARTMENT OR ELSEWHERE.

HIS PROPOSAL THAT 1 PER CENT OF ANNUAL MILITARY OUTLAYS BE DIRECTED TO DISARMAMENT WOULD MEAN SPENDING ROUGHLY 400 MILLION DOLLARS A YEAR ON THIS. THAT COMPARES WITH POSSIBLY 10 TO 20 MILLIONS NOW ALLOTTED FOR DISARMAMENT PURPOSES TO THE STATE AND DEFENSE DEPARTMENTS, THE AEC, AND OTHER AGENCIES.

MUCH OF THE MONEY, THE TESTIMONY INDICATED, WOULD GO TOWARD DEVELOPMENT OF DETECTION AND INSPECTION EQUIPMENT FOR THE POLICING OF DISARMAMENT AGREEMENTS.

INADEQUACIES IN THIS TYPE OF SCIENTIFIC EFFORTS OF THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA TO NEGOTIATE A NUCLEAR TEST BAN.

SR914PED

A39WX
(200) NIXON-SUMMIT

WASHINGTON, APRIL 26 (AP)-VICE PRESIDENT RICHARD M. NIXON WILL SUBSTITUTE FOR PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AT THE EAST-WEST SUMMIT CONFERENCES IF THE PRESIDENT HAS TO RETURN TO THE UNITED STATES BECAUSE OF "DOMESTIC REQUIREMENTS."

THE WHITE HOUSE IN REPORTING THIS TODAY SAID EISENHOWER COULD SPEND ONLY A WEEK IN PARIS BECAUSE A VISIT TO PORTUGAL IS NOW SET FOR MAY 23. THE SUMMIT MEETING OF WESTERN LEADERS AND SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV IS TO OPEN MAY 16.

THE DATE OF EISENHOWER'S VISIT TO LISBON WAS SELECTED WITH THE EXPECTATION THAT THE SUMMIT CONFERENCE WOULD HAVE ENDED BY THAT TIME. HE PLANS ONLY AN OVERNIGHT STAY IN PORTUGAL.

THE WHITE HOUSE SAID:

"SHOULD THE (SUMMIT) CONFERENCE CONTINUE BEYOND THE DATES OF THE PRESIDENT'S VISIT TO PORTUGAL, HOWEVER, PRESIDENT EISENHOWER EITHER WILL RETURN TO PARIS, OR IF DOMESTIC REQUIREMENTS MAKE THIS IMPOSSIBLE, WILL REQUEST THE VICE PRESIDENT TO REPRESENT THE UNITED STATES FOR THE REMAINDER OF THE CONFERENCE."

THE WHITE HOUSE DID NOT EXPLAIN WHAT DOMESTIC REQUIREMENTS MIGHT MAKE IT NECESSARY FOR THE PRESIDENT TO RETURN EVEN IF THE SUMMIT CONFERENCE DRAGGED ON BEYOND MAY 23.

BUT CONGRESS WILL BE DRIVING TOWARD ADJOURNMENT, AND EISENHOWER MIGHT FEEL HE SHOULD BE HERE TO SIGN BILLS AND HELP PUSH LEGISLATION THROUGH IN THE CLOSING DAYS OF THE SESSION.

NIXON SAID TODAY THE SUMMIT CONFERENCE MAY PROVIDE THE FIRST STEP TOWARD DISARMAMENT AND A BERLIN SOLUTION.

NIXON MADE THE STATEMENT IN A TELEVISION PROGRAM TAPED BY SEN. HOMER CAPEHART (R-IND) FOR INDIANA STATIONS.

THE VICE PRESIDENT REJECTED SUGGESTIONS THAT HE WAS OPTIMISTIC ABOUT THE OUTCOME OF THE TALKS WITH KHRUSHCHEV. BUT HE SAID HE DOESN'T BELIEVE THE FREE NATIONS SHOULD SAY AT THE START THAT NOTHING WILL HAPPEN. 1960

"I DON'T BELIEVE THIS CONFERENCE IS GOING TO SOLVE THE PROBLEM OF DISARMAMENT, I DON'T BELIEVE IT IS GOING TO SOLVE THE PROBLEM OF GERMANY, BUT I BELIEVE IT IS A STEP THAT WILL HELP IN SOLVING THEM," HE SAID. "IT WILL BE THE FIRST OF A SERIES OF CONFERENCES WHICH CAN DEVELOP THE ROAD TO PEACE WE ALL WANT."

NIXON'S APPEARANCE ON THE TV SHOW WITH CAPEHART HAD POLITICAL ASPECTS. CAPEHART, WHO SUPPORTED GOV. NELSON A. ROCKEFELLER OF NEW YORK FOR THE REPUBLICAN PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION UNTIL ROCKEFELLER WITHDREW, URGED INDIANA REPUBLICANS TO VOTE FOR NIXON IN NEXT TUESDAY'S PRESIDENTIAL PREFERENCE PRIMARY.

CAPEHART, WHO RECENTLY SAID ROCKEFELLER STILL COULDN'T BE COUNTED OUT OF THE PRESIDENTIAL CONTEST, TOLD NIXON THAT "THE GREAT MAJORITY OF THE PEOPLE OF INDIANA ARE FOR YOU."

NIXON HAS ONLY MINOR OPPOSITION ON THE REPUBLICAN TICKET.

SR921PED

A113 (360) 1960
BY CARL HARTMAN

BERLIN, APRIL 26 (AP)-WOULD A NEW BERLIN AIRLIFT BE POSSIBLE IF THE SOVIETS BLOCKADE THE CITY?

MANY AUTHORITIES SAY NO. BUT THEY MIGHT HAVE SAID THE SAME THING IN 1948. FACED WITH THE UNPRECEDENTED PROBLEM OF SUPPLYING MORE THAN

2 MILLIONS PEOPLE FOR NEARLY 11 MONTHS, ENTIRELY BY AIR.
THE CITY IS NOT MUCH BIGGER IN POPULATION NOW, BUT IN ALMOST 12 YEARS IT HAS GROWN INCOMPARABLY IN TRADE.
THE LIVING STANDARD HAS INCREASED TREMENDOUSLY. THIS IS PART OF WEST GERMANY'S ECONOMIC MIRACLE, HEAVILY SUBSIDIZED BY THE UNITED STATES.
IN 1948 GERMANY HAD RECENTLY LOST THE MOST DISASTROUS WAR IN HISTORY. ITS CAPITAL HAD SUFFERED MOST. UNEMPLOYMENT WAS HEAVY, RATIONING TIGHT AND HARDSHIPS AN EVERYDAY AFFAIR.
THE AVERAGE MAN WAS LIMITED TO 1,880 CALORIES A DAY.
TODAY WEST BERLIN IMPORTS THREE TIMES AS MUCH TONNAGE AS THE AIRLIFT BROUGHT IN, FROM WEST GERMANY ALONE. DELIVERIES FROM BERLIN TO WEST GERMANY HAVE GROWN 700 PERCENT.
ALLIED MILITARY AUTHORITIES HAVE NEVER RULED OUT A NEW AIRLIFT. SOME AIR FORCE OFFICERS DOUBTLESS STILL FEEL THE SAME AS LT. GEN. WILLIAM H. TUNNER DID AFTER THE BLOCKADE WAS OVER:
"I DON'T SAY THIS IDLY--BUT WE NOW KNOW, AS WE NEVER KNEW IT IN THE AIR FORCE BEFORE, THAT WE CAN FLY ANYTHING ANYWHERE, ANY TIME," TUNNER SAID.
TRANSPORT PLANES ARE NOW MUCH BIGGER AND FASTER THAN THEY WERE IN 1948, BUT THE JOB WOULD BE MUCH MORE EXPENSIVE.
ONE LIMITING ELEMENT WOULD BE THE EXTENT TO WHICH THE U.S. GOVERNMENT AND THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT--AND THEIR TAXPAYERS--WOULD BE WILLING TO PAY THE COSTS.
THERE ALSO IS A MAJOR NEW ELEMENT:
IN 1948 THE SOVIETS MADE NO SERIOUS ATTEMPT TO INTERFERE WITH THE AIRLIFT. NOW SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV HAS SAID THE WESTERN ALLIES WOULD LOSE THEIR RIGHT OF ACCESS TO BERLIN "BY LAND, WATER OR AIR."
JET TRANSPORTS IN USE TODAY MUST GO BEYOND 10,000 FEET TO FLY ECONOMICALLY. THE RUSSIANS SAY THEY WILL NOT ALLOW THIS. THEIR JET FIGHTERS BUZZED U.S. PLANES THAT TRIED IT LAST YEAR. ON ORDERS FROM PRESIDENT EISENHOWER, THE AIR FORCE HAS NOT REPEATED THE EXPERIMENT.
SOME OBSERVERS POINTED OUT THAT KHRUSHCHEV DID NOT SPECIFICALLY THREATEN TO BLOCKADE THE CIVIL POPULATION. IT WAS THE ALLIED FORCES HE SAID WOULD NOT BE ABLE TO REACH THE CITY. THEY ARE ONLY ABOUT 11,000 STRONG.
CIVILIAN FREIGHT FOR WEST BERLIN ALREADY IS CHECKED THROUGH BY COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY OFFICIALS. IT IS ONLY THE WESTERN ALLIES IN THE CITY WHO HAVE REFUSED TO ALLOW THEIR TRAFFIC TO BE CHECKED BY ANYONE BUT THE SOVIETS.
"WE WOULD BE GLAD TO SEND THE ALLIES CARE (ALL CAPS) PACKAGES," ONE WEST BERLINER CRACKED TODAY.

MB940AED

A33
BERLIN, APRIL 26 (AP)-COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY'S ARMY HELD A REHEARSAL FOR ITS MAY DAY PARADE IN EAST BERLIN TODAY.
PARADING UNITS PASSED THROUGH MARI-ENGELS SQUARE, ABOUT A MILE FROM WEST BERLIN, WHERE THE COMMUNISTS HAVE A PERMANENT REVIEWING STAND.
THE WESTERN POWERS CONSIDER THE PRESENCE OF ANY GERMAN TROOPS IN BERLIN A VIOLATION OF AGREEMENTS SIGNED WITH THE RUSSIANS BUT HAVE GIVEN UP PROTESTING.
"WE PROTESTED YEAR AFTER YEAR AND NEVER GOT AN ANSWER," ONE U.S. OFFICIAL SAID RECENTLY. "WE GOT TIRED."
THERE ARE NO WEST GERMAN TROOPS IN BERLIN.

A WEST BERLIN MAGISTRATE TODAY LODGED CHARGES OF ILLEGAL EXERCISE OF AUTHORITY AGAINST TWO EAST GERMAN RAILROAD POLICE WHO TRIED TO DRIVE A PAIR OF WEST BERLIN POLICEMEN FROM A WEST BERLIN ELEVATED RAILWAY STATION.
IT WAS THE FOURTH INCIDENT BETWEEN THE TWO POLICE FORCES IN RECENT DAYS. THIS WAS THE FIRST TIME FORMAL CHARGES HAVE BEEN FILED.
THE INCIDENTS ARE PART OF A DISPUTE BETWEEN WEST BERLIN AND THE COMMUNIST AUTHORITIES ON WHICH POLICE FORCE HAS AUTHORITY OVER THE STIONS. THE ELEVATED IS OPERATED BY THE COMMUNIST RAIL SYSTEM. THE WEST BERLIN CITY GOVERNMENT, BACKED BY THE WESTERN COMMANDANTS OF THE CITY, INSISTS THE COMMUNISTS HAVE NO POLICE RIGHTS IN WEST BERLIN.

KS425PED

KARLSRUHE, GERMANY, APRIL 26 (AP)--THEODOR OBERLAENDER, WEST GERMANY'S EMBATTLED REFUGEE MINISTER, AGREED ONCE AGAIN TODAY TO RESIGN HIS POST, BUT ONLY AFTER WINNING HIS PARTY'S APPROVAL OF A FULL PARLIAMENTARY INVESTIGATION INTO HIS PAST.

THE MINISTER, 54, A NAZI PARTY FUNCTIONARY FOR 12 YEARS, HAS BEEN ACCUSED BY THE COMMUNISTS OF ORDERING A MASS MURDER IN POLAND IN 1941 AND BY OPPOSITION SOCIALISTS OF BEING "A DISGRACE TO DEMOCRACY."

THE COMPROMISE AGREEMENT ON THE OBERLAENDER AFFAIR CAME AT THE CLIMAX OF TWO DAYS OF DISCUSSIONS AMONG OFFICIALS OF CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER'S CHRISTIAN DEMOCRATIC UNION, GATHERED HERE FOR THEIR 1960 PARTY CONVENTION.

A CHRISTIAN DEMOCRATIC UNION PARTY SPOKESMAN PRONOUNCED THE AFFAIR SETTLED, BUT IT REMAINED TO BE SEEN WHETHER THE SOCIALISTS WOULD ACCEPT IT.

THE SOCIALISTS WERE INSTRUMENTAL IN FORCING ACTION ON THE OBERLAENDER AFFAIR. THEY ANNOUNCED THEY WOULD INSIST ON AN OPEN HEARING INVOLVING OBERLAENDER'S NAZI PAST, BUT AGREED TO WITHDRAW THE MOTION IF THE MINISTER RESIGNED BY MAY 5.

EARLIER THIS MONTH OBERLAENDER AGREED TO GO ON VACATION AND THE SOCIALISTS SAID THEY HAD WRITTEN ASSURANCES HE WOULD QUIT BY MAY 5. UNDER THIS AGREEMENT THE SOCIALISTS SAID THEY WOULD WITHDRAW THEIR MOTION.

ADENAUER HAD SOUGHT TO HEAD OFF THE INVESTIGATION, FEELING IT

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WOULD LOOK AS IF HIS HAND WERE FORCED BY THE COMMUNISTS, NOW ENGAGED IN A VIOLENT HATE-GERMANY CAMPAIGN.

BUT OBERLAENDER HIMSELF BALKED. HE WENT LAST WEEK TO EUGEN GERSTENMAIER, PRESIDENT (SPEAKER) OF THE LOWER HOUSE, AND INSISTED ON A HEARING, SAYING HE WANTED TO HAVE HIS NAME CLEARED.

GERSTENMAIER BACKED THE MOVE WHEN OBERLAENDER SAID HE WOULD RESIGN AFTER THE COMMITTEE COMPLETED ITS INVESTIGATION.

A PARTY SPOKESMAN SAID OBERLAENDER WILL GIVE AS HIS REASON FOR RESIGNING A DECLARATION THAT HE WANTS TO DEVOTE HIS TIME TO REHABILITATING HIMSELF. 1960

THE MINISTER HAS MAINTAINED ALL ALONG THAT HE HAD NOTHING TO DO WITH THE POLISH EXECUTIONS. HE SAID THE RUSSIANS WERE RESPONSIBLE.

SS/SM341PES

S51

BONN, GERMANY, APRIL 26 (AP)-THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT TODAY ISSUED A WHITE BOOK TO DOCUMENT WHAT IT DESCRIBES AS THE "CAMPAIGN OF BARBARITY" BEING CONDUCTED AGAINST FARMERS OF EAST GERMANY. 1960

STATE SECRETARY FRANZ THIEDECK TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE THE 142-PAGE PUBLICATION USED MOSTLY COMMUNIST SOURCES TO EXPOSE "TERROR METHODS" EMPLOYED TO FORCE FREE FARMERS INTO SOVIET-STYLE COLLECTIVES.

THE WHITE BOOK HAS BEEN DISTRIBUTED TO ALL DIPLOMATIC MISSIONS IN BONN AND IS TO BE ISSUED IN SEVERAL LANGUAGES.

PES535PED

GENOA, ITALY, APRIL 26 (AP)-THREE MARINES FROM THE U.S. 6TH FLEET WERE CHARGED BY GENOA POLICE TODAY WITH BEATING AND ROBBING AN ITALIAN WOMAN WHILE ON SHORE LEAVE A WEEK AGO. 9-53

CARABINIERI (NATIONAL POLICE) LT. ANTONIO CALABRESE NAMED THE THREE AS LESTER BOWEN, 19, OF CHESTER, W. VA., ABOARD THE USS SUFFOLK; ROBERT WIESZCHOWSKI, NO ADDRESS KNOWN, OF THE USS SAN MARCO; AND ROWALD CARTER, 19, GERMANTOWN, N. Y., OF THE USS POCONO.

THE THREE WERE HELD UNDER ARREST ABOARD THEIR SHIPS AT THE REQUEST OF ITALIAN AUTHORITIES.

CALABRESE SAID IT WOULD BE UP TO THE ITALIAN STATE ATTORNEY TO DECIDE WHETHER TO LET THE THREE BE TRIED BY U.S. MILITARY COURTS OR TO ASK FOR THEIR EXTRADITION TO STAND TRIAL IN ITALIAN COURTS.

THE MARINES WERE ACCUSED OF ACCOSTING AND BEATING ERMANNA CROESI IN A GENOA STREET. HER JAW WAS FRACTURED. SHE TOLD POLICE THEY FLED WITH HER POCKETBOOK CONTAINING 30,000 LIRE (ABOUT $50). 1960

CHARLES MOROKIAN OF THE U.S. CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION DIVISION, ASSISTED ITALIAN POLICE IN THEIR INVESTIGATION.

J1120AED

S3 (130)

LONDON, APRIL 26 (AP)-BRITISH-BORN BARONESS CLARICE DE ROTHSCHILD, NOW LIVING IN NEW YORK, ASKED 90,000 POUNDS ($252,000 DOLLARS) TODAY FOR THE LOSS OF LANDS THAT NOW ARE PART OF POLAND.

HER LAWYERS TOLD THE FOREIGN COMPENSATION COMMISSION THAT THE LANDS FORMERLY WERE IN GERMANY BUT WERE CONFISCATED WHEN POLISH AUTHORITIES TOOK OVER THE AREA IN 1945. 1960

THE COMMISSION WAS SET UP TO COMPENSATE BRITISH SUBJECTS WHO LOST POSSESSIONS OVERSEAS THROUGH WARTIME OR POSTWAR CONFISCATION.

ATTORNEYS SAID THE PROPERTY, ANNABERG CASTLE, HAD BEEN IN THE

ROTHSCHILD FAMILY 100 YEARS. IT WAS SEQUESTERED BY THE GESTAPO IN 1938. THE QUESTION FOR THE COMMISSION, THEY SAID, IS WHETHER IT STILL LEGALLY BELONGED TO THE BARONESS IN 1945. THE HEARING IS EXPECTED TO LAST SEVERAL DAYS.

SS213PED

A117

NIGHT LEAD VETERANS (210)

MOSCOW, APRIL 26 (AP)-FIVE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE SOVIET VETERANS COMMITTEE TODAY CALLED OFF A VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES FOR A MAY 7 ANNIVERSARY OBSERVANCE OF THE END OF WORLD WAR II IN EUROPE AND THE 1945 LINKUP OF SOVIET AND AMERICAN FORCES AT THE ELBE RIVER.

THE VETERANS, IN A STATEMENT IN MOSCOW NEWSPAPERS, CHARGED THAT THE U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT OBSTRUCTED THE VISIT BY REFUSING TO GRANT THEM VISAS UNLESS THEY AGREED TO ENTER THE UNITED STATES AS TOURISTS. THE VETERANS WANTED TO GO AS AN OFFICIAL DELEGATION.

THE STATEMENT CONTENDED THAT A GROUP OF U.S. VETERANS, HEADED BY JOSEPH P. POLOWSKY OF CHICAGO, WAS RECEIVED IN RUSSIA ON THE OCCASION OF THE ANNIVERSARY LAST YEAR AS AN OFFICIAL DELEGATION.

--DASH--

POLOWSKY, 42-YEAR-OLD INSURANCE SALESMAN, SAID IN BERLIN THAT VICE PRESIDENT RICHARD M. NIXON WAS TO BLEM FOR THE REFUSAL OF VISAS TO THE SOVIET VETERANS.

HE TOLD A REPORTER HE HAD A LETTER FROM CHARLES E. BOHLEN, FORMER U.S. AMBASSADOR TO MOSCOW, APPROVING THE IDEA OF THE VISIT BUT THAT NIXON LATER INTERVENED WITH THE STATE DEPARTMENT AND OPPOSED LETTING THE RUSSIANS IN AS A DELEGATION.

IN WASHINGTON A STATE DEPARTMENT PRESS OFFICER EXPLAINED THAT THE RUSSIANS WOULD HAVE BEEN WELCOMED AS PRIVATE CITIZENS. HE SAID THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA HAVE AN AGREEMENT FOR EXCHANGES OF DELEGATIONS UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS, INCLUDING A PLANNED ITINERARY, SPONSORSHIP IN THE COUNTRY VISITED, AND RECIPROCAL TREATMENT OF AN EXCHANGE GROUP.

IS102APED

A43

(EDITORS: HERE IS AN OPTIONAL LEAD ON THE INDIAN BJT FOR PAPERS PREFERRING TO EMPHASIZE THE FAILURE OF CHOU AND NEHRU TO AGREE ON THE BORDER DISPUTE.)

OPTIONAL LEAD CHOU-NEHRU

BY WATSON SIMS

NEW DELHI, APRIL 26 (AP)-PRIME MINISTER NEHRU AND PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI TODAY ENDED A WEEK OF TALKS ON THEIR BORDER DISPUTE WITHOUT ANY VISIBLE PROGRESS TOWARD AN AGREEMENT.

IN A JOINT COMMUNIQUE THEY SAID THEIR TALKS HAD LED TO "GREATER UNDERSTANDING" OF EACH GOVERNMENT'S VIEWPOINT "BUT DID NOT RESOLVE THEIR DIFFERENCES."

NEHRU REJECTED A PROPOSAL BY CHOU THAT INDIA ABANDON HER CLAIM TO 15,000 SQUARE MILES IN THE LADAKH SECTOR OF KASHMIR. CHOU IN RETURN OFFERED TO LEAVE TO INDIA THE 36,000 SQUARE MILES ON THE NORTHEAST FRONTIER WHICH BOTH INDIA AND CHINA CLAIM.

"THERE CAN BE NO QUESTION OF BARTERING AWAY THIS AREA. ITS OWNERSHIP (BY INDIA) IS A SETTLED FACT," NEHRU TOLD REPORTERS AT THE AIRPORT IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEING CHOU OFF TO NEPAL.

BEFORE WINDING UP HIS WEEK-LONG VISIT, CHOU TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE HE HAD OFFERED TO ABANDON PEIPING'S CLAIMS TO THE NORTHEAST FRONTIER TERRITORY IN EXCHANGE FOR THE LADAKH SECTOR ON INDIA'S NORTHWEST.

THE RED CHINESE PREMIER SAID INDIA WAS "NOT ENTIRELY AGREED" TO THE SWAP HE PROPOSED, BUT THE BORDER DISPUTE "BECAME SMALLER" AS A RESULT OF HIS 21 HOURS OF TALK WITH NEHRU.

COMMENTING ON CHOU'S REMARKS, NEHRU TOLD NEWSMEN THAT THE CHINESE LEADER'S FACTS "ARE SO BASICALLY DIFFERENT FROM OURS THAT NATURALLY CONCLUSIONS DIFFER, TOO."

NEHRU SAID THE WEEK-LONG NEGOTIATIONS HAS BROUGHT "NO LESSENING IN THE BASIC TENSIONS" BUT ADDED THAT FEELING WAS NOT SO BITTER AS DURING THE BORDER SKIRMISHES LAST YEAR IN WHICH 12 INDIANS WERE KILLED.

CHOU'S PROPOSED DEAL INDICATED THAT THE CHINESE HAD SENT TROOPS INTO THE MOUNTAINOUS, ECONOMICALLY UNIMPORTANT NORTHEAST FRONTIER AREA PRIMARILY AS A BARGAINING LEVER, AND THAT LADAKH, ON THE NORTHWEST FRONTIER, WAS THEIR REAL TARGET. THE CHINESE WANT LADAKH BECAUSE THEY HAVE BUILT ACROSS IT A KEY ROAD BETWEEN COMMUNIST-OCCUPIED TIBET AND THE WESTERN CHINESE PROVINCE OF SINKIANG.

NEHRU SAID HE STILL FELT THE ROOT OF THE TROUBLE WAS CHINESE EXPANSIONISM.

"BUT I DID NOT DISCUSS OLD HISTORY," HE SAID. "I ONLY DISCUSSED [illegible] THEY STEPPED INTO OUR TERRITORY."

ASKED WHETHER HE WAS ACCEPTING CHOU'S INVITATION TO CONTINUE THE TALKS IN PEIPING, NEHRU SAID: "THE QUESTION OF MY GOING THERE DOES NOT ARISE FOR THE MOMENT. IT DEPENDS ON DEVELOPMENTS AFTER VISITS BACK AND FORTH BY OUR OFFICIALS AND UPON REPORTS OF THESE OFFICIALS. THEN AND ONLY THEN MAY I CONSIDER GOING THERE."

IN A JOINT COMMUNIQUE THE TWO LEADERS HAD ANNOUNCED THAT REPRESENTATIVES OF BOTH GOVERNMENTS WOULD MEET ALTERNATELY IN PEIPING AND NEW DELHI UNTIL SEPTEMBER TO EXAMINE ALL DOCUMENTS, MAPS AND THE LIKE PERTAINING TO THE BORDER DISPUTE.

NEHRU STRESSED THAT THESE COMMITTEES HAD NO AUTHORITY TO REACH A SETTLEMENT OF THE BORDER DISPUTE.

"THEIR DUTY IS TO INVESTIGATE CERTAIN BASIC FACTS, SORT THEM OUT AND PRESENT THEM TO US. THAT IS ALL THEY CAN DO," HE DECLARED.

THE CHINESE PREMIER REITERATED AT HIS NEWS CONFERENCE THAT THE ENTIRE 2,600-MILE BORDER BETWEEN INDIA AND COMMUNIST-HELD TIBET HAD NEVER BEEN DEFINED. BUT HE SAID HIS GOVERNMENT WOULD RESPECT THE BRITISH-DRAWN MCMAHON LINE MARKING THE NORTHEAST FRONTIER, EVEN THOUGH PEIPING FOUND IT "COMPLETELY UNACCEPTABLE."

"WE WILL NOT CROSS THAT LINE," HE SAID.

IN RETURN, HE ASSERTED, INDIA SHOULD RECOGNIZE RED CHINA'S CLAIM TO 15,000 SQUARE MILES IN LADAKH. THE DISPUTED AREA IN THE NORTHEAST TOTALS 36,000 SQUARE MILES.

THE MCMAHON LINE, WHICH GENERALLY FOLLOWS THE HIMALAYAN MOUNTAIN CRESTS, WAS MAPPED OUT IN 1914 BY SIR HENRY MCMAHON, A BRITISH-INDIA OFFICIAL. NO CHINESE GOVERNMENT HAS EVER RECOGNIZED THE LINE. CHINA HAS CLAIMED TERRITORY AS FAR SOUTH OF IT AS 80 MILES.

IN KATMANDU, CHOU WILL DISCUSS ANOTHER BORDER DISPUTE, BETWEEN HIS GOVERNMENT AND THE LITTTE HIMALAYAN KINGDOM ON TIBET'S SOUTHERN BORDER.

RED CHINA AND NEPAL REACHED A PRELIMINARY AGREEMENT LAST MONTH TO HAVE A COMMITTEE OF EXPERTS DEFINE THE 500-MILE TIBET-NEPAL FRONTIER PROSPECTS OF HARMONY WERE MARRED, HOWEVER, WHEN NEPALESE PRIME MINISTER B.P. KOIRALA REVEALED THAT CHINA HAD CLAIMED ALL OF MT.

EVEREST, GENERALLY CONSIDERED PARTLY IN NEPAL AND PARTLY IN TIBET.
THE NEPALESE GOVERNMENT PREPARED TIGHT SECURITY ARRANGEMENTS FOR CHOU'S VISIT, FEARING DEMONSTRATIONS BY TIBETAN REFUGEES AS WELL AS BY NEPALESE ANGERED BY THE CHINESE CLAIM TO EVEREST, THE WORLD'S HIGHEST MOUNTAIN.

NON-COMMUNIST OPPOSITION PARTIES SET OFF A CLAMOR WHEN NEHRU APPEARED IN THE LOWER HOUSE OF THE INDIAN PARLIAMENT WITH THE JOINT COMMUNIQUE ON THE TALKS.

THE SOCIALISTS DEMANDED TO KNOW WHAT STEPS INDIA IS TAKING TO OUST THE RED CHINESE FROM THE LADAKH AREAS THEY NOW HOLD. THEY ALSO DEMANDED A FULL DEBATE ON THE SITUATION BEFORE NEHRU LEAVES SATURDAY FOR THE COMMONWEALTH PRIME MINISTERS' CONFERENCE IN LONDON.

THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE SCHEDULED A TWO-HOUR DISCUSSION ON FRIDAY.

NEHRU SAID CHOU HAD TRIED MANY TIMES IN THE TALKS TO EQUATE INDIAN CLAIMS TO THE NORTHEAST FRONTIER WITH THE CHINESE CLAIMS TO LADAKH.

"WHAT ARE WE TO DO WHEN WE COME UP AGAINST A ROCK WALL OF COMPLETELY DIFFERENT SET OF FACTS?" NEHRU DEMANDED.

THE OPPOSITION ALSO EXPRESSED FEARS THAT THE STUDY COMMITTEES THIS SUMMER MIGHT TAKE SOME ACTION WHICH COULD LEAD TO A YIELDING OF INDIAN TERRITORY. NEHRU REPLIED THAT THE COMMITTEES COULD ONLY STUDY AND REPORT, THAT THEY HAVE NO POLITICAL AUTHORITY.

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1960

B24
-17-
NIGHT LEAD NEHRU-CHOU (270)
BY WATSON SIMS

NEW DELHI, APRIL 26 (AP)-PRIME MINISTER NEHRU TOLD PARLIAMENT TODAY THAT HIS BORDER TALKS WITH CHOU EN-LAI RAN UP AGAINST "A ROCK WALL OF COMPLETELY DIFFERENT SET OF FACTS."

BUT HE APPEARED TO HAVE TURNED THE FAILURE OF NEGOTIATIONS INTO A PERSONAL AND POLITICA VICTORY BY DISPLAYING PATIENCE AND FIRMNESS IN TALKS WITH RED CHINA'S PREMIER.

NEHRU SAID THE WEEK-LONG DISCUSSIONS HAD PORDUCED TREMENDOUSLY VARIED VIEWS ON HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY.

"WE WERE UNABLE TO CONVINCE EACH OTHER," HE SAID, "AND WE REMAINED UNCONVINCED AT THE END."

OPPOSITION MEMBERS PEPPERED HIM WITH QUESTIONS, BUT HE APPEARED TO HAVE A BIG MAJORITY FOR HIM.

"YOU EITHER HAVE WAR OR YOU HAVE DISCUSSIONS," HE SNAPPED AT CRITICS. "YOU DON'T HAVE BOTH."

ALTHOUGH COMMITTEES OF INDIAN AND CHINESE REPRESENTATIVES WILL BEGIN BORDER TALKS IN PEIPING IN EARLY JUNE, NEHRU SAID HE DOUBTED THEY COULD MAKE ANY SIGNIFICANT ADVANCE TOWARD AGREEMENT ON 51,000 SQUARE MILES OF HIMALAYAN TERRITORY CLAIMED BY BOTH COUNTRIES.

NEHRU REPORTED TO PARLIAMENT A FEW HOURS AFTER SEEING CHOU OFF FOR KATAMDU, NEPAL, WHERE THE CHINESE ARE ENGAGED IN ANOTHER BORDER DISPUTE. THIS ONE INVOLVES MT. EVEREST, THE WORLD'S HIGHEST PEAK. CHOU GOT A COOL RECEPTION IN KATMANDU.

RESUMING THE CAMPAIGN OF SMILES HE OPENED EARLIER THIS MONTH IN BURMA AND CARRIED ON HERE, CHOU TOLD AN AUDIENCE THAT FILLED ONLY PART OF KATMANDU'S NATIONAL STADIUM: "THE HIMALAYAS HAVE NEVER BEEN ABLE TO STOP OUR FRIENDSHIP."

THERE WERE NO CHEERS.

AT THE AIRPORT CHOU WAS WELCOMED WITH CHEERS FROM A CROWD OF 1,500. HE SAID RED CHINA AND NEPAL HAVE REACHED "A SATISFACTORY AGREEMENT ON QUESTIONS OF BOUNDARIES."

BUT HIS HOST, PREMIER P. D. KOIRALA, SPOKE ONLY OF FRIENDSHIP AND COOPERATION IN BROAD TERMS.

EARLIER THIS WEEK IN AN INTERVIEW HE INDICATED DOUBTS THAT THE SPECIAL BOUNDARY COMMISSION SET BY THE TWO COUNTRIES COULD DEFINE THE 500- MILE FRONTIER BETWEEN RED CHINA AND NEPAL.

KS507PED

A98
(240)
WITH NEW DELHI
BY HENRY S. BRADSHER

KATMANDU, NEPAL, APRIL 26 (AP)-PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI ARRIVED IN KATMANDU TODAY AND EXPRESSED HOPE HIS VISIT WOULD IMPROVE RELATIONS BETWEEN RED CHINA AND NEPAL.

IN A BRIEF AIRPORT SPEECH, CHOU SAID THE TWO COUNTRIES HAVE REACHED A "SATISFACTORY AGREEMENT ON QUESTIONS OF BOUNDARIES."

A CROWD OF ABOUT 1,500 CHEERED DESPITE THE FACT THAT NEPALESE TEMPERS HAVE BEEN RAISED BY PEIPING'S RECENT CLAIMS TO ALL OF MT. EVEREST, WHICH IS GENERALLY CONSIDERED PARTLY IN NEPAL AND PARTLY IN RED-OCCUPIED TIBET.

PRIME MINISTER B. P. KOIRALA DID NOT MENTION THE TICKLISH BORDER DISPUTE IN HIS BRIEF WELCOMING SPEECH BUT DWELT ON TRADITIONAL TIES BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES. KOIRALA SAID HIS RECENT VISIT TO PEIPING CONTRIBUTED TO THIS CLOSE FRIENDSHIP.

(NEPAL'S KING MAHENDRA, EN ROUTE TO WASHINGTON FOR A STATE VISIT, SAID IN HONOLULU THAT LAST MONTH'S BORDER AGREEMENT BETWEEN HIS COUNTRY AND RED CHINA PLACED EVEREST WHOLLY IN NEPAL. KOIRALA, ON HIS RETURN FROM PEIPING, GAVE THE DISTINCT IMPRESSION THAT CHINA HAD NOT WITHDRAWN ITS CLAIM.)

CHOU, FRESH FROM A VISIT TO NEW DELHI THAT FAILED TO SOLVE RED CHINA'S BITTER FRONTIER DISPUTE WITH INDIA, SAID THE BORDER AGREEMENT WITH NEPAL AND AGREEMENT FOR CHINESE ECONOMIC AID TO THE HIMALAYAN KINGDOM, "SET A GOOD EXAMPLE FOR ASIAN COUNTRIES TO LIVE TOGETHER IN FRIENDSHIP." THE TWO GOVERNMENTS AGREED TO ESTABLISH A JOINT COMMISSION TO DEFINE THE 500-MILE HIMALAYAN BORDER BETWEEN NEPAL AND TIBET.

KOIRALA REPLIED THAT HIS VISIT TO PEIPING CONTRIBUTED TO THE GROWTH OF OUR FRIENDSHIP, AND I FEEL THAT YOUR FRIENDLY VISIT AT THIS TIME WILL ADVANCE THE CAUSE."

IN AN INTERVIEW THIS WEEK KOIRALA INDICATED DOUBTS THAT THE BOUNDARY COMMISSION WOULD BE ABLE TO AGREE. MANY NEPALESE FELT CHOU WOULD LEAVE THE DISPUTE UP IN THE AIR. THEY CITED HIS FAILURE TO REACH ANY AGREEMENT WITH INDIA.

NEPALESE WITH LONG BLACK BRAIDS DOWN THEIR BACKS AND FLOWERED CLOTH CAPS CLUSTERED ALONG THE ROUTE TO WATCH CHOU DRIVE TO THE RUST RED PALACE IN KATMANDU WHERE HE WILL STAY UNTIL HE LEAVES FRIDAY FOR HOME. NEPALESE GURKHA TROOPS LINED THE ROAD FROM THE AIRPORT.

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1960

AS
AMS BUDGET (360)
NIGHT LEAD DEMONSTRATIONS
BY DAY INOSHITA

TOKYO, APRIL 26 (AP)-SIX THOUSAND RADICAL LEFT-WING UNIVERSITY STUDENTS TRIED TO BATTER THEIR WAY THROUGH MASSED POLICE LINES INTO THE PARLIAMENT BUILDING TODAY INPREST AGAINST J

THE PARLIAMENT BUILDING TODAY IN PROTEST AGAINST JAPAN'S NEW SECURITY PACT WITH THE UNITED STATES.

MEMBERS OF THE ZENGAKUREN NATIONAL STUDENTS ASSN. WERE CHEERED ON BY BLACK-UNIFORMED LEADERS. THE LEADERS EXHORTED THE YOUTHS TO EMULATE SOUTH KOREAN STUDENTS WHO FORCED PRESIDENT SYNGMAN RHEE TO BOW TO THEIR DEMANDS FOR REFORMS.

BUT THE ANTI-AMERICAN JAPANESE STUDENTS LACKED BOTH THE INSPIRATION AND METTLE OF THE PRO-AMERICAN KOREANS.

BATON-WIELDING POLICE THREW BACK THE MASSED ASSAULTS OF THE CHANTING, SHOUTING YOUNG MEN AND WOMEN IN A FOUR-HOUR SERIES OF SHOVING CONTESTS PUNCTUATED BY FREE-FOR-ALLS WHICH LEFT MANY FACES BLOODIED.

AT LEAST 30 POLICE AND MORE THAN 100 DEMONSTRATORS WERE INJURED.

EIGHTEEN STUDENTS, INCLUDING ONE OF THE LEADERS, WERE ARRESTED IN THE RIOT, WHICH MAY REGARDED AS A TRIAL TEST FOR DEMONSTRATIONS THE STUDENTS PLAN WHEN PRESIDENT EISENHOWER VISITS JAPAN IN JUNE.

THE YOUTHS ARE MEMBERS OF THE RADICAL WING OF ZENGAKUREN, WHICH WAS THROWN OUT OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY FOR ITS EXTREME POLICIES.

THE GROUP HAS STAGED REPEATED PROTESTS AGAINST THE MILITARY TREATY, SIGNED IN WASHINGTON LAST JANUARY AND NOW UP FOR RATIFICATION BY THE JAPANESE DIET (PARLIAMENT).

POLICE RUSHED 6,000 RIOT FORCE MEN INTO THE FRAY. TWO THOUSAND OTHERS WERE HELD IN RESERVE, BUT NEVER USED.

1960

THREE BUMPER-TO-BUMPER ROWS OF POLICE CARS AND TRUCKS BARRED THE WAY OF THE MOB INTO THE PARLIAMENT BUILDING.

DISREGARDING POLICE ADVICE TO GO HOME, THE SHOUTING STUDENTS CHARGED THE POLICE CORDON. SOME SWUNG FLAG STAFFS TO TOPPLE OFFICERS FROM THE ROOFS OF TRUCKS. OTHERS HURLED THEMSELVES ON THE POLICE AND FELL WITH THEM ON TOP OF THE DEMONSTRATORS BELOW.

THE MAJOR FORCE OF POLICE LET THE VANGUARD OF THE YOUTHS SCALE THE THIRD ROW OF TRUCKS, THEN SWUNG INTO ACTION.

THEY QUICKLY BROKE UP THE CHARGE, USING HANDS AS MUCH AS POSSIBLE BUT STICKS WHEN NECESSARY.

THE MAIN BODY OF THE STUDENTS FELL BACK. MANY OF THOSE WHO BROKE THROUGH WERE BLEEDING AT THE NOSE AND MOUTH AS THEY WERE LED AWAY BY OFFICERS.

DURING THE PEAK OF THE BATTLE IN FRONT OF THE BUILDING, SEVERAL THOUSAND JAPANESE QUIETLY MARCHED TO THE SIDE GATE AND PRESENTED PETITIONS URGING THAT THE TREATY BE SCRAPPED.

THE STUDENTS, LIKE THE OPPOSITION SOCIALISTS AND LEFTWING LABOR GROUPS, WANT JAPAN TO CUT ITS MILITARY TIES WITH THE UNITED STATES. THEY WANT JAPAN NEUTRALIZED, BUT OPENLY ADVOCATE CLOSER TIES WITH RED CHINA.

THE STUDENTS CLAIM THE SECURITY ALLIANCE WOULD UNNECESSARILY ANTAGONIZE THE SOVIET UNION AND RED CHINA. THEY SAY THE TREATY IS OUT OF STEP WITH WHAT THEY CLAIM IS A TREND IN WORLD AFFAIRS TOWARD COEXISTENCE.

AS855PED

B116KX

HONOLULU, APRIL 26 (AP)-EARLE L. REYNOLDS SAILED FOR JAPAN TONIGHT ON HIS KETCH "PHOENIX OF HIROSHIMA." HIS WIFE, SON, DAUGHTER AND A JAPANESE CREWMAN WERE ABOARD.

REYNOLDS, WHO IS APPEALING A CONVICTION FOR SAILING INTO A U.S. NUCLEAR TEST ZONE IN 1958 TO PROTEST NUCLEAR TESTS, FLEW A JAPANESE FLAG AND A UNITED NATIONS BANNER.

REYNOLDS PLANS TO TEACH ANTHROPOLOGY FOR A YEAR AT THE HIROSHIMA JO GAKUIN WOMEN'S SCHOOL.

FJ1148PCS

B13CX (SEC)

(300)

(ADVANCE FOR USE AT NOON EST TODAY)

(ADVANCE) CHICAGO, APRIL 26 (AP)-AN FBI OFFICIAL SAID TODAY THAT COMMUNIST AGENTS ARE INFILTRATING THE UNITED STATES IN GREATER NUMBERS THAN EVER BEFORE, WITH AN "INSATIABLE" APPETITE FOR INFORMATION ON EVERY PHASE OF AMERICAN LIFE.

"THE RELENTLESS COMMUNIST SEARCH FOR INFORMATION HAS, BY NOW, REACHED AN INTENSITY WHICH MAKES IT PROBABLY THE MOST MASSIVE OFFENSIVE OF ITS KIND EVER DIRECTED AGAINST ONE COUNTRY BY ANOTHER IN THE HISTORY OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS," SAID INSPECTOR WILLIAM C. SULLIVAN.

SUCH AN EXTENSIVE OPERATION PROVES, SULLIVAN SAID, THAT "DESPITE THEIR CURRENT PROPAGANDA ON PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE AND PEACEFUL COMPETITION, THE COMMUNISTS HAVE NOT ABANDONED THEIR REVOLUTIONARY TACTICS AND THEIR GOAL OF WORLD CONQUEST."

WHAT ARE THE WORKINGS OF THIS NETWORK OF AGENTS?

SULLIVAN, CHIEF OF THE FBI'S RESEARCH SECTION, DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION, GAVE THE FOLLOWING DETAILS TO THE SIXTH ANNUAL MILITARY-INDUSTRIAL CONFERENCE:

"WE HAVE NOTICED AN ALMOST DESPERATE RE-EMPHASIS BY THE COMMUNIST BLOC ON ILLEGAL ESPIONAGE ACTIVITIES DURING THE PAST FEW YEARS."

"OFTEN THEY USE FRAUDULENT ENTRY PAPERS TO GET INTO THE COUNTRY, THEN PROCEED TO TAKE DIRECTIONS TRANSMITTED FROM OVERSEAS.

"THERE ARE ALSO THOSE ESPIONAGE AND INTELLIGENCE OPERATIONS WHICH ARE DIRECTED AND CONTROLLED THROUGH OFFICIAL PERSONNEL LEGALLY ASSIGNED TO COMMUNIST ESTABLISHMENTS IN THE UNITED STATES," SULLIVAN SAID.

WHAT SORT OF INFORMATION DO THEY SEEK?

"THE EMPHASIS, NATURALLY, IS ON SCIENTIFIC, TECHNOLOGICAL, MILITARY AND INDUSTRIAL DATA WHICH WILL STRENGHTEN THE COMMUNIST BLOC. AT THE SAME TIME X X X THEY ARE ALERT FOR ANY AND ALL INFORMATION X X X WHICH WILL ENABLE THEM TO WEAKEN THE UNITED STATES THROUGH PROPAGANDA OR SUBVERSION.

"THERE IS VIRTUALLY NO PHASE OF OUR NATIONAL LIFE WHICH GOES UNEXPLORED," SULLIVAN SAID. "COMMUNIST AGENTS ARE INSATIABLE."

HE SAID COMMUNIST AGENTS HAVE SHOWN "A MARKED INTEREST IN SECURING MAPS AND PHOTOGRAPHS OF OUR TOWNS AND CITIES WITH THEIR SEAPORTS, INDUSTRIAL PLANTS, TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS, MILITARY ESTABLISHMENTS AND SIMILAR FACILITIES."

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